

# **HARMONIOUS**

**UAS Techniques for Environmental Monitoring** 

Nunzio ROMANO – Valencia (Spain) – 15/02/2018





# Use of UAV and 3D flow model for evaluating the effectiveness to remediate contaminated sites

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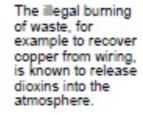
# Unfortunately, a great concern is now floating around this SIN area because

of the alarm arose around the problem of the "waste emergency" (Terra dei Fuochi).





Dangerous
pollutants such as
dioxins, are found
in the area,
particularly around
Acerra. High
levels of
polychlorinated
biphenyls (PCBs)
were detected.



## The Problem

The Site of National Interest (SIN) "Litorale Domizio Flegreo Agro Aversano" is a large part of the Campania Region Plain, which is made up by a NW–SE elongated structural depression crossed by the Volturno River, bounded to the north-east by the Southern Apennines chain and to the southwest by the Tyrrhenian Sea.

This is a very significant environmental and landscape area, where tourism and agriculture of great value are combined, and coexist with successful industrial activities (agricultural and food, textile, leather tanning industry).





# **Major Motivations**

The entire community is aware that soil is a critically important component of the earth's biosphere, not only because of its food production function, but also as the safe-keeper of local, regional, and global environmental quality.

**Soil restoration** by conventional techniques (excavation-land filling, soil washing) leads to a strong reduction of soil fertility because of their toxicity and prevents soil to keep its ecological functions.

In most cases, using these techniques the remediated soils are not suitable for agriculture, and consequently land becomes devoted to residential buildings, shopping malls, and industrial estates.

Instead, there is a consistent need for <u>environmentally sound</u> soil restoration techniques that enable to both break down harmful compounds and to retain all of the soil properties necessary to allow the growth of crops.

Using biotic elements to clean up contaminated soils seems a logical solution with respect to chemical and mechanical reduction that are, in itself, a further upsetting of the balance of the soil system.

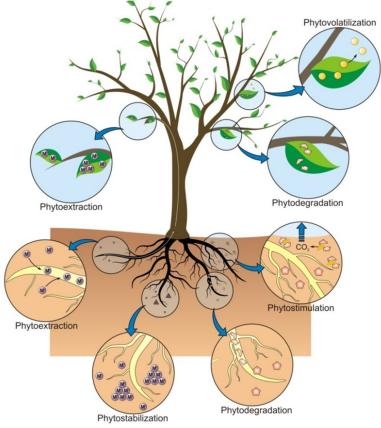




# **The Solution**

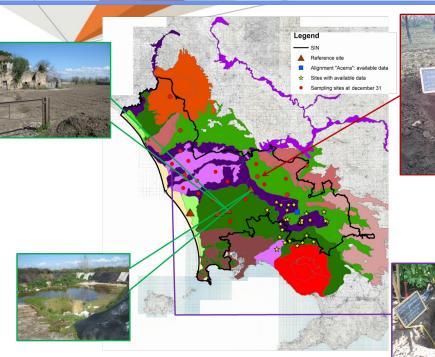
To "keep soils alive", it is necessary to employ methods that can improve its activity and physiology based on the use of natural and

eco-compatible treatments.



This is the essence of the EU-Life+ project "EcoRemed:
Implementation of eco-compatible protocols for agricultural soil remediation in Litorale domizio-Agro aversano NIPS".

# Soil Hydraulic Characterization

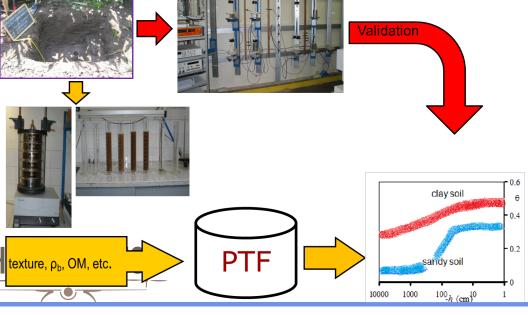


Disturbed and undisturbed soil samples are collected at two depths in the units of the Land System Map available for the SIN area. Measured soil physical and hydraulic variables are: oven-dry bulk density, texture, organic carbon,  $\theta_{\text{sat}}$ ,  $K_{\text{sat}}$ , water retention and hydraulic conductivity functions.

To make the soil hydrologic characterization feasible, various pedo-transfer functions (PTFs) are employed.

PTFs are then verified and calibrated using measured soil hydraulic properties obtained in the laboratory through the evaporation method on the undisturbed soil cores





# **Trentola test site**







# **Trentola test site**

BEFORE: Nov. 2012



















### June/August 2013

SVILUPPO DI PROTOCOLLI ECO-COMPA PER LA BONIFICA DEI SUOLI INQUINA NEL SIN LITORALE DOMIZIO-AGRO AVI







AFTER: March 2014























# **Monitoring devices at Trentola**





Azione C6: Probes for soil moisture, temperature, Salinity and water potential, before installation in two soil profiles



soil moisture, temperature, and salinity probes



soil water potential probes

# **Monitoring devices at Trentola**

dendrometer



Soil sensors wiring



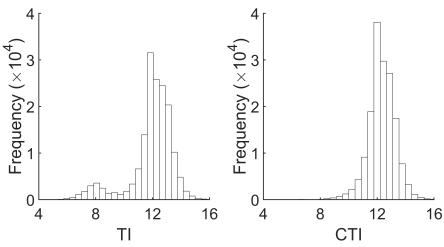


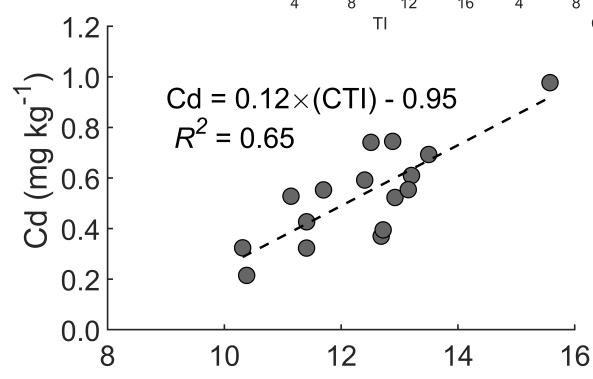
#### B2 B3 Elevation (m) Elevation (m) 20 10 0 20 10 0 20 m (a) (b) TI B1 CTI B1 1.63 - 6.63 8.07 - 11.5 6.64 - 7.09 11.6 - 11.7 7.10 - 7.43 11.8 - 11.9 7.44 - 7.66 12.0 - 12.1 7.67 - 7.,89 12.2 - 12.3 7.90 - 8.09 12.3 - 12.6 8.10 - 8.23 12.7 - 12.8 8.24 - 8.54 12.9 - 13.0 8.55 - 9.00 13.1 - 13.2 9.10 - 11.40 13.3 - 15.6 TI B2 CTI B2 0.73 - 6.87 7.76 - 11.3 6.88 - 7.24 11.4 - 11.8 7.25 - 7.56 11.9 - 12.0 7.57 - 7.75 12.1 - 12.2 7.76 - 7.10 12.3 - 12.4 7.2 - 8.09 12.5 - 12.7 8.10 - 8.28 12.8 - 12.9 8.29 - 8.51 13.0 - 13.1 8.52 - 8.89 13.2 - 13.5 8.90 - 10.23 13.6 - 17.5 TI B3 CTI B3 10 -0.79 - 6.45 20 m 10 0 20 m 6.47 - 11.2 6.46 - 6.95 11.3 - 11.7 6.96 - 7.25 11.8 - 11.9 7.26 - 7.45 **TI** index **CTI** index 12.0 - 12.1 7.46 - 7.65 12.2 - 12.3 7.66 - 7.85 12.4 - 12.6 7.86 - 8.04 12.7 - 12.8 8.05 - 8.29 12.9 - 13.1 EUROPEAN COOPERATION 8.30 - 8.64 (c) IN SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY 13.2 - 13.5 (d) 8.65 - 11.9 13.6 - 17.5

# errain attributes vs Cd concentrations

# Terrain attributes vs. Cd concentrations



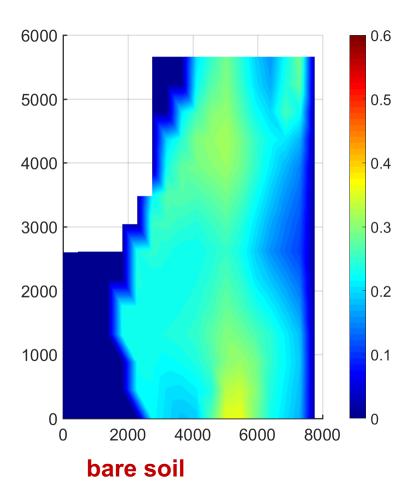


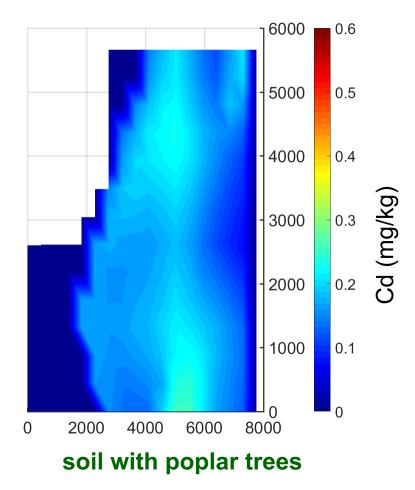




Capolupo et al., 2018, Int.J. Remote sensing

## 3D Richards' Model Simulations



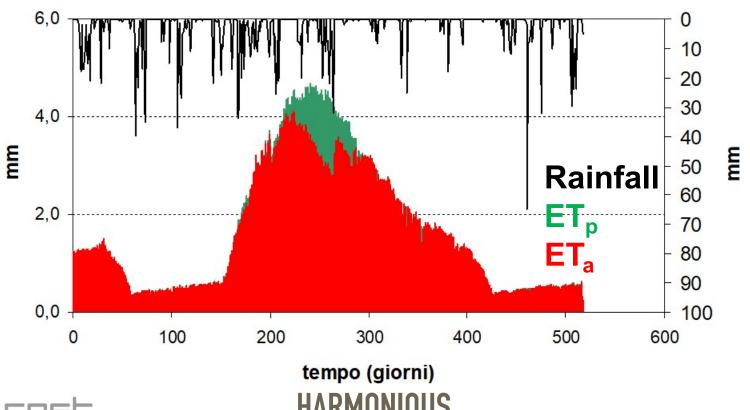






# **Concluding remarks**

➤ UAS is very effective for micro-topography, but also an effective bridge between soil-moisture and vegetation issues





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